


METALS & MINING

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China policies set stage for steel demand recovery: Valin Steel

- Steel prices in China saw initial recovery in November and can rise further in Mar/Apr'23 as economic recovery takes hold
- CY23 to see only a slight YoY increase in demand and margins, capped by supply recovery and raw material cost increases
- We expect Indian steel margins to bottom out in the December quarter followed by gradual stabilisation over FY24

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Key takeaways:

Near-term outlook – Prices could increase from Mar/Apr'23: Valin Steel expects policy changes in China, by way of softer quarantine restrictions and measures to prop up the real estate market, to encourage downstream demand over H1CY23 and thereby support recovery in the economy and in steel demand. Should the recovery be slow to take off, the company expects the Chinese government to step in with added policy measures. This could drive a further pickup in steel prices from Mar/Apr'23.

Medium-term – Demand to inch up in CY23: Valin Steel anticipates only a slight improvement in Chinese steel demand in CY23 as offtake from the infrastructure and manufacturing sectors only just offsets weakness in real estate (direct & indirect).

Medium-term – Limited margin upside in CY23: While margins for China's steel industry could stabilise in CY23, Valin Steel expects the upside to be limited as higher demand could drive up supply as well as raw material prices. Industry production is likely to remain disciplined given the annual production cap and should aim for modest YoY reduction. Chinese exports will remain constrained by EU/US trade barriers and could attempt to capture growth only in Southeast Asia. Coking coal availability for Chinese players could improve further from Mongolia in CY23, and the informal import ban on Australian coking coal may be relaxed as diplomatic relations are on the mend.

Longer-term – Structural readjustment ahead: Valin Steel expects Chinese steel demand to gradually stabilise to a level of 700mt and production to remain in a range of 900-1,000mt over the next 5-8 years following the current capacity swap policy. Given rising demand for steel in new applications and slowing demand for construction steel, the market balance will need structural readjustment.

Implications for Indian players: We expect India's steel industry margins to gradually settle at mid-cycle levels over FY24 as economy recovers and steel demand in China stabilises.



Key takeaways

H2CY22 – Challenging period for China’s steel industry

- **Margin compression drives curtailments.** In China, steel industry margins contracted sharply in Q3CY22 as domestic supply aligned with the sharp decline in real estate demand seen in prior quarters. Valin Steel estimates that this compression drove half of the players in the steel industry into losses, with those focused on construction steel facing the brunt of the impact. Subsequent voluntary production curtailments by players have helped arrest the price decline.
- **Steel demand is stabilising or even growing in some pockets.** As against the loss of consumption from the real estate sector, some pockets in the manufacturing space did offer stable-to-growing demand for steel. Demand pockets included shipbuilding, wind power, new energy vehicles and the oil & gas industry. That said, the decline in real estate offtake also eroded steel consumption from the construction machinery and home appliance segments.

Near-term outlook – Modest price recovery setting in

- **Prices recovered in Nov’22.** Steel prices have seen a modest recovery from the bottom with the relaxation in quarantine restrictions and new policies to stabilise the real estate market in China. Rebar, used in construction steel, also crossed RMB 4,000/t from the bottom of RMB 3,790/t in early November.
- **Prices are likely to rise further from Mar/Apr’23.** Valin Steel expects these policy changes to aid improvement in downstream demand over H1CY23 and thereby support recovery in the economy as well as in steel demand. It also expects the Chinese government to step in with additional policy measures if the recovery is slow to take off, which could fuel a further pickup in steel prices from Mar/Apr’23.

Medium-term outlook – Demand and margins to inch up

- **CY23 is likely to see only slight improvement in demand.** Valin Steel believes that steel demand from China’s real estate sector will continue to decline in CY23, which will also impact offtake from the construction machinery and home appliance segments. However, with the government focused on accelerating investments in infrastructure to drive economic recovery, the company anticipates a slight improvement in overall steel demand in CY23 as infrastructure and manufacturing offset the weakness in real estate.
- **Higher demand could drive up supply as well as raw material prices, limiting upside to steel margins.** Production has eased with a sharp cut in electric arc furnace (EAF) and modest cut in blast furnace (BF) output. However, with recovery in demand, production is likely to return, in turn pushing up raw material prices. Even so, Valin Steel expects industry production to remain disciplined given the annual cap (of prior-year output) and to follow a path of modest YoY reduction. Specific output reductions are targeted in three major regions – Beijing and Tianjin, the Yangtze River Delta and Shanxi.

Valin Steel's plan for CY23 also follows the same philosophy. While it plans to increase automotive sheet production by 0.2-0.3mt, it aims to maintain annual CY23 output at or below the CY22 level.

- **Capacity is likely to see limited rationalisation but will not grow either.** China follows dual control over capacity and output. In terms of output, Valin Steel expects the Chinese steel industry to follow a path of modest annual reduction. In terms of capacity, there may not be significant rationalisation (closures) in the near-to-medium term. The current capacity swap scheme allows the industry to implement a new BF after closure of the old one at a reduced new-to-old plant ratio of 0.5:1. New EAF capacity is allowed at a 1:1 ratio.
- **Exports are limited to capturing growth in SE Asia.** China exports only 4% of its annual production. Owing to significant trade barriers in Europe and the US, China finds it difficult to increase export in these markets. Thus, the industry may attempt to capture demand growth in only available market, Southeast Asia.
- **Value-add producers have a relative advantage over commodity steel producers.** Prices and margins for commodity products are more influenced by demand patterns and inventory levels in industry than value added products (VAP). The latter are normally negotiated directly with the customer and hence earn more stable prices and margins.
- **Coking coal availability should improve over CY23.** With the construction of a new railway line, the availability of coking coal from Mongolia has improved. Valin Steel expect supply from Mongolia to rise further YoY in CY23 as logistics stabilise. The company also sees the possibility of some relaxation of the informal import ban on Australian coking coal as diplomatic relations are gradually improving.

Longer-term outlook – Structural readjustment ahead

- **Surplus capacity must exit eventually.** Over the next 5-8 years, Valin Steel expects Chinese steel demand to settle around ~700mt, production to remain within the 900-1000mt range, and export growth to remain constrained due to trade barriers in the EU/US. This could eventually require exit of surplus capacity. This is not happening as yet because small private players are waiting to earn good sale prices on their steel plants.
- **Demand for new steel applications will increase.** Even in a scenario of tapering overall demand, consumption of steel from new applications (such as renewables and electric vehicles) will continue to increase. In contrast, construction steel is likely to have higher surplus capacity due to the structural decline in demand from the real estate sector. The market balance thus needs to adjust to the changing demand structure.

- **Government is promoting a shift to EAF but this isn't economical.** While the government is encouraging a shift from BF to EAF by allowing a higher replacement ratio, this switch is not economical as the cost of steel production via the EAF route is higher by RMB 200-300/t.
- **Key themes to watch:** In this era of structural decline in demand from the real estate sector, (i) players focused on VAP are better placed than commodity counterparts, (ii) construction steel players are at a disadvantage, and (iii) strong and competitive players will likely absorb the weaker ones. Valin Steel notes that some larger companies are still competitive even as smaller players with higher cost efficiency or with a focus on specialised steel are also well positioned.

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