

AGROCHEMICALS

Agrochem Summit 2023: Policy support holds the key

- Summit largely focused on improving crop yields through efficient use of land and water, right crop selection and mechanisation
- Industry sought policy support, including easing of approval process and environmental clearances for formulations and active ingredients
- Concerns raised over negative news flow that cast the industry in bad light as well as the flood of spurious products from neighbouring countries

We attended a summit on the agrochemical sector themed "Making India A Manufacturing Hub", organised by India Chemical News in Delhi. Key takeaways:

Growth opportunities: India ranks second in global agricultural production after China. It is the world's largest producer of various cereals, pulses, fruits, milk, tea, cotton and many more agricultural commodities. The sector has significant potential for growth given the country's vast arable land, large population involved in farming and current low productivity. India's agrochemical exports are growing faster (14%) than China (8%). Its capital cost is the same as that of China while its operating cost is better.

Responsible use of agrochemicals: Indian agriculture is moving towards collectivisation, mechanisation and digitisation in a bid to become more sustainable. Experts at the summit emphasised the importance of sustainable agriculture. Farmer education about optimal agrochemical usage is essential to recast the negative perception surrounding the industry. A key constraint is the shortage of resources available with farmers, making agricultural extension activities critical in terms of providing support and training to cultivators.

Hurdles to growth: While the agrochemical industry has grown in the last decade, there remains a gap between research labs and farmers' fields. To bridge this gap, experts believe the government must increase its budget for agriculture extension and training services. Indian farmers currently earn only a third of the income of their Chinese counterparts. The sector's growth is constrained by various hurdles such as a lack of modern equipment, paucity of credit flow and scanty investment.

Busting myths: The industry believes there is a pressing need to dispel the widespread misconceptions among consumers around the use of agrochemicals. CCFI indicated that agri-commodities in India do not carry a high quantity of pesticides. It also explained that Indian farmers use far less agrochemicals per hectare compared to the world's other large food producers.

01 March 2023

Saad Shaikh research@bobcaps.in

Recommendation snapshot

Ticker	Price	Target	Rating
PI IN	3,100	3,800	BUY
Price & Target in Rupees Price as of 28 Feb 2023			





Agrochem Summit 2023: Highlights

Demand drivers for India's agrochemical sector

- Opportunity for India to feed the world: The world's population is expected to reach 9.8bn in 2050 from the current 8bn. India with its vast arable land, cheap energy and sizeable workforce is a formidable force in agriculture and can step up by becoming the food bowl of the world.
- Large workforce: Agriculture is the largest sector in India employing ~58% of the general population and 70% of the rural population. Close to 80% of farmers are small and marginal in nature. Increasing their productivity through modern technology can aid growth of the sector as well as farmer incomes.
- Growing exports: India's agrochemical exports are growing faster (14%) than China (8%). The sector's capital cost is the same as that of China while operating cost is lower.

Policy support necessary to unlock growth

Experts at the summit highlighted a series of policy measures that are needed to facilitate growth of India's agriculture and agrochemicals sectors:

- Improve feedstock availability, backward integration, commissioning timelines and market access to make Indian exports more competitive
- Bolster agricultural productivity through the efficient use of land and water, right crop selection and mechanisation
- Introduce enabling policies such as production linked incentives (PLI) to expand agricultural production, along with digital technologies
- Expand agricultural extension services (technical aid to farmers) as well as the number of officers carrying out these duties
- Formulate a better pricing mechanism for agricultural produce in the open market, and withdraw tax on agricultural inputs
- Provide subsidy to farmers to procure drones for spraying fertilisers/pesticides and conducting field surveys
- Nano technology is promising as it increases efficacy while being cheaper than traditional options.
- Bring about greater collaboration between corporates and academia, with on-ground implementation of research
- Ramp up registrations of active ingredients for agrochemical products, reduce approval timelines, and improve product testing infrastructure



- Relax registration and residue guidelines for the agrochem sector Current guidelines are overly stringent, even for fuel crops. Agrochemicals should be treated in line with the pharmaceuticals sector, and the focus should be on compliance rather than stricter regulation
- Extend deep-sea discharge regulations for petrochemicals to agrochemicals as well
- Provide infrastructure, and not just designated areas and parks, to make Indian agriculture more efficient and competitive in global markets (India loses 20% of its agri-output due to logistics and supply chain limitations, which must be urgently remedied)

Busting myths

Crop Care Federation of India (CCFI) highlighted several popular misconceptions that continue to cast a bad light on the Indian agrochemicals sector and charted out its rebuttal of the same. These include:

- Indian farmers make excessive use of pesticides: India ranks #2 in agricultural production after China, but #12 in terms of pesticide use. On a per hectare basis, India's use of pesticides is the lowest in the world at 0.4kg/ha. This is well below many developed countries such as the US (11kg/ha), Japan (10.9kg/ha), Brazil (5.7kg/ha), France (3.7kg/ha), and the UK (2.8kg/ha).
- Agri commodities in India carry high pesticide residues: Government body AINP-PR (All India Network Project on Pesticide Residues) routinely checks samples of all types of agricultural commodities. Its study of data over the last 14 years suggests that, on average, 98% of India's agricultural commodities have maximum residue limit (MRL) values within the prescribed levels. These findings are in line or better than that for most developed nations.
- Pesticide use has led to high cancer cases in India: Globally, India ranks #172 in cancer rates as against developed countries such as the US (362) and Singapore (233), with the world average also higher (201). Singapore, which has no agricultural land, has a cancer rate more than double that of India. The WHO's group-1 list of substances considered to be carcinogenic to humans does not include a single agrochemical. Punjab, with the highest use of pesticides in the country, has among the lowest cancer rates in India.
- Accidental exposure to pesticide spray drift affects farmers: Pesticides are diluted before spraying with the water content as high as 99%. Accidental short exposure to such pesticide spray drift is unlikely to deliver a lethal dose. Even mild exposure such as this can be avoided by using PPE safety kits and following good agricultural practices.



- India is full of spurious pesticides: All state governments across the country regularly check and analyse pesticide samples being sold in the market. Over 338,000+ pesticide samples have been analysed across India in the last five years alone. Over 98.8% of samples were found to meet the requisite standards and specifications. Made-in-India agrochemicals are competitive in terms of pricing as compared to imported products.
- Indian water bodies are being polluted: Fish species are highly sensitive to water quality and toxins and cannot survive in polluted water bodies. Notably, India is the second-largest fish producer in the world today. About two-thirds of India's fish production comes from inland sources. If these water sources were indeed polluted, large-scale aquaculture wouldn't be possible. The states of Andhra Pradesh and Punjab have the highest pesticide consumption, yet Andhra Pradesh has the highest inland fish production while Punjab has the highest inland fish productivity.
- India uses pesticides banned in other countries: The Food and Agricultural Organisation (FAO) advises that the use of pesticides depends on climate, crops grown, and the occurrence of pests and diseases. Pesticide registration and use, therefore, varies from one country to another. There are many pesticides that are banned in India but still used in several leading countries the world over. In fact, India (290) has the least number of registered pesticides among all leading nations such as China (681), Japan (583), Australia (561), US (481), and Brazil (477).
- Organic or bio pesticides are safer than chemical pesticides: All substances used as pesticides, whether organic, bio or synthetic, undergo the same toxicity, safety and efficacy assessments before being allowed for commercial sale. A study by Stanford University, US, found no evidence of differences in nutritional quantum between conventional and organic produce.
- Made-in-India pesticides do not meet global quality standards: In 2021, Indian manufacturers exported Indian made agrochemicals worth over Rs 300bn to over 130 countries across the globe. Indian products have a high purity profile and efficacy levels, besides being 50-70% cheaper, making them competitive globally.



NOT FOR DISTRIBUTION, DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY, IN OR INTO THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA ("US") OR IN OR INTO ANY OTHER JURISDICTION IF SUCH AN ACTION IS PROHIBITED BY APPLICABLE LAW.

Disclaimer

Recommendation scale: Recommendations and Absolute returns (%) over 12 months

BUY – Expected return >+15%

HOLD - Expected return from -6% to +15%

SELL – Expected return <-6%

Note: Recommendation structure changed with effect from 21 June 2021

Our recommendation scale does not factor in short-term stock price volatility related to market fluctuations. Thus, our recommendations may not always be strictly in line with the recommendation scale as shown above.

Analyst certification

The research analyst(s) authoring this report hereby certifies that (1) all of the views expressed in this research report accurately reflect his/her personal views about the subject company or companies and its or their securities, and (2) no part of his/her compensation was, is, or will be, directly or indirectly, related to the specific recommendation(s) or view(s) in this report. Analysts are not registered as research analysts by FINRA and are not associated persons of BOB Capital Markets Limited (BOBCAPS).

General disclaimers

BOBCAPS is engaged in the business of Stock Broking and Investment Banking. BOBCAPS is a member of the National Stock Exchange of India Limited and BSE Limited and is also a SEBI-registered Category I Merchant Banker. BOBCAPS is a wholly owned subsidiary of Bank of Baroda which has its various subsidiaries engaged in the businesses of stock broking, lending, asset management, life insurance, health insurance and wealth management, among others.

BOBCAPS's activities have neither been suspended nor has it defaulted with any stock exchange authority with whom it has been registered in the last five years. BOBCAPS has not been debarred from doing business by any stock exchange or SEBI or any other authority. No disciplinary action has been taken by any regulatory authority against BOBCAPS affecting its equity research analysis activities.

BOBCAPS has obtained registration as a Research Entity under SEBI (Research Analysts) Regulations, 2014, having registration No.: INH000000040 valid till 03 February 2025. BOBCAPS is also a SEBI-registered intermediary for the broking business having SEBI Single Registration Certificate No.: INZ000159332 dated 20 November 2017. BOBCAPS CIN Number: U65999MH1996GOI098009.

BOBCAPS prohibits its analysts, persons reporting to analysts, and members of their households from maintaining a financial interest in the securities or derivatives of any companies that the analysts cover. Additionally, BOBCAPS prohibits its analysts and persons reporting to analysts from serving as an officer, director, or advisory board member of any companies that the analysts cover.

Our salespeople, traders, and other professionals may provide oral or written market commentary or trading strategies to our clients that reflect opinions contrary to the opinions expressed herein, and our proprietary trading and investing businesses may make investment decisions that are inconsistent with the recommendations expressed herein. In reviewing these materials, you should be aware that any or all of the foregoing, among other things, may give rise to real or potential conflicts of interest. Additionally, other important information regarding our relationships with the company or companies that are the subject of this material is provided herein.

This material should not be construed as an offer to sell or the solicitation of an offer to buy any security in any jurisdiction. We are not soliciting any action based on this material. It is for the general information of BOBCAPS's clients. It does not constitute a personal recommendation or take into account the particular investment objectives, financial situations, or needs of individual clients. Before acting on any advice or recommendation in this material, clients should consider whether it is suitable for their particular circumstances and, if necessary, seek professional advice. BOBCAPS research reports follow rules laid down by Securities and Exchange Board of India and individuals employed as research analysts are separate from other employees who are performing sales trading, dealing, corporate finance advisory or any other activity that may affect the independence of its research reports.

The price and value of the investments referred to in this material and the income from them may go down as well as up, and investors may realize losses on any investments. Past performance is not a guide for future performance, future returns are not guaranteed and a loss of original capital may occur. BOBCAPS does not provide tax advice to its clients, and all investors are strongly advised to consult with their tax advisers regarding any potential investment in certain transactions — including those involving futures, options, and other derivatives as well as non-investment-grade securities — that give rise to substantial risk and are not suitable for all investors. The material is based on information that we consider reliable, but we do not represent that it is accurate or complete, and it should not be relied on as such. Opinions expressed are our current opinions as of the date appearing on this material only. We endeavour to update on a reasonable basis the information discussed in this material, but regulatory, compliance, or other reasons may prevent us from doing so.

We and our affiliates, officers, directors, and employees, including persons involved in the preparation or issuance of this material, may from time to time have "long" or "short" positions in, act as principal in, and buy or sell the securities or derivatives thereof of companies mentioned herein and may from time to time add to or dispose of any such securities (or investment). We and our affiliates may assume an underwriting commitment in the securities of companies discussed in this document (or in related investments), may sell them to or buy them from customers on a principal basis, and may also perform or seek to perform investment banking or advisory services for or relating to these companies and may also be represented in the supervisory board or any other committee of these companies.

For the purpose of calculating whether BOBCAPS and its affiliates hold, beneficially own, or control, including the right to vote for directors, one per cent or more of the equity shares of the subject company, the holdings of the issuer of the research report is also included.

BOBCAPS and its non-US affiliates may, to the extent permissible under applicable laws, have acted on or used this research to the extent that it relates to non-US issuers, prior to or immediately following its publication. Foreign currency denominated securities are subject to fluctuations in exchange rates that could have an adverse effect on the value or price of or income derived from the investment. In addition, investors in securities such as ADRs, the value of which are influenced by foreign currencies, effectively assume currency risk. In addition, options involve risks and are not suitable for all investors. Please ensure that you have read and understood the Risk disclosure document before entering into any derivative transactions.

No part of this material may be (1) copied, photocopied, or duplicated in any form by any means or (2) redistributed without BOBCAPS's prior written consent.

Company-specific disclosures under SEBI (Research Analysts) Regulations, 2014

The research analyst(s) or his/her relatives do not have any material conflict of interest at the time of publication of this research report.

BOBCAPS or its research analyst(s) or his/her relatives do not have any financial interest in the subject company. BOBCAPS or its research analyst(s) or his/her relatives do not have actual/beneficial ownership of one per cent or more securities in the subject company at the end of the month immediately preceding the date of publication of this report.

The research analyst(s) has not received any compensation from the subject company or third party in the past 12 months in connection with research report/activities. Compensation of the research analyst(s) is not based on any specific merchant banking, investment banking or brokerage service transactions.

BOBCAPS or its research analyst(s) is not engaged in any market making activities for the subject company.



The research analyst(s) has not served as an officer, director or employee of the subject company.

BOBCAPS or its associates may have material conflict of interest at the time of publication of this research report.

BOBCAPS's associates may have financial interest in the subject company. BOBCAPS's associates may hold actual / beneficial ownership of one per cent or more securities in the subject company at the end of the month immediately preceding the date of publication of this report.

BOBCAPS or its associates may have managed or co-managed a public offering of securities for the subject company or may have been mandated by the subject company for any other assignment in the past 12 months.

BOBCAPS may have received compensation from the subject company in the past 12 months. BOBCAPS may from time to time solicit or perform investment banking services for the subject company. BOBCAPS or its associates may have received compensation from the subject company in the past 12 months for services in respect of managing or co-managing public offerings, corporate finance, investment banking or merchant banking, brokerage services or other advisory services in a merger or specific transaction. BOBCAPS or its associates may have received compensation for products or services or other advisory services in a banking or brokerage services from the subject company in the past 12 months.

Other disclaimers

BOBCAPS and MAYBANK (as defined below) make no representation or warranty, express or implied, as to the accuracy or completeness of any information obtained from third parties and expressly disclaim the merchantability, suitability, quality and fitness of this report. The information in this report has not been independently verified, is provided on an "as is" basis, should not be relied on by you in connection with any contract or commitment, and should not be used as a substitute for enquiries, procedures and advice which ought to be undertaken by you. This report also does not constitute an offer or solicitation to buy or sell any securities referred to herein and you should not construe this report as investment advice. All opinions and estimates contained in this report constitute BOBCAPS's judgment as of the date of this report and are subject to change without notice, and there is no obligation on BOBCAPS or MAYBANK to update this report upon issuance. This report and the information contained herein may not be reproduced, redistributed, disseminated or copied by any means without the prior consent of BOBCAPS and MAYBANK.

To the full extent permitted by law neither BOBCAPS, MAYBANK nor any of their respective affiliates, nor any other person, accepts any liability howsoever arising, whether in contract, tort, negligence, strict liability or any other basis, including without limitation, direct or indirect, special, incidental, consequential or punitive damages arising from any use of this report or the information contained herein. By accepting this report, you agree and undertake to fully indemnify and hold harmless BOBCAPS and MAYBANK from and against claims, charges, actions, proceedings, losses, liabilities, damages, expenses and demands (collectively, the "Losses") which BOBCAPS and/or MAYBANK may incur or suffer in any jurisdiction including but not limited to those Losses incurred by BOBCAPS and/or MAYBANK as a result of any proceedings or actions brought against them by any regulators and/or authorities, and which in any case are directly or indirectly occasioned by or result from or are attributable to anything done or omitted in relation to or arising from or in connection with this report.

Distribution into the United Kingdom ("UK"):

This research report will only be distributed in the United Kingdom, in accordance with the applicable laws and regulations of the UK, by Maybank Securities (London) Ltd) ("**MSL**") who is authorised and regulated by the Financial Conduct Authority ("FCA") in the United Kingdom (MSL and its affiliates are collectively referred to as "**MAYBANK**"). BOBCAPS is not authorized to directly distribute this research report in the UK.

This report has not been prepared by BOBCAPS in accordance with the UK's legal and regulatory requirements.

This research report is for distribution only to, and is solely directed at, selected persons on the basis that those persons: (a) are eligible counterparties and professional clients of MAYBANK as selected by MAYBANK solely at its discretion; (b) have professional experience in matters relating to investments falling within Article 19(5) of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Financial Promotion) Order 2005, as amended from time to time (the "Order"), or (c) fall within Article 49(2)(a) to (d) (high net worth companies, unincorporated associations, etc. as mentioned in the stated Article) of the Order; (all such persons together being referred to as "relevant persons").

This research report is directed only at relevant persons and must not be acted on or relied on by any persons who are not relevant persons. Any investment or investment activity to which this material relates is available only to relevant persons and will be engaged in only with relevant persons.

The relevant person as recipient of this research report is not permitted to reproduce, change, remove, pass on, distribute or disseminate the data or make it available to third parties without the written permission of BOBCAPS or MAYBANK. Any decision taken by the relevant person(s) pursuant to the research report shall be solely at their costs and consequences and BOBCAPS and MAYBANK shall not have any liability of whatsoever nature in this regard.

No distribution into the US:

This report will not be distributed in the US and no US person may rely on this communication.

Other jurisdictions:

This report has been prepared in accordance with SEBI (Research Analysts) Regulations and not in accordance with local regulatory requirements of any other jurisdiction. In any other jurisdictions, this report is only for distribution (subject to applicable legal or regulatory restrictions) to professional, institutional or sophisticated investors as defined in the laws and regulations of such jurisdictions by Maybank Securities Pte Ltd. (Singapore) and / or by any broker-dealer affiliate or such other affiliate as determined by Malayan Banking Berhad.

If the recipient of this report is not as specified above, then it should not act upon this report and return the same to the sender.

By accepting this report, you agree to be bound by the foregoing limitations.